



Open Source abuse management

by Erik Bais

# Talking points

- The history of AbuseIO
- Why AbuseIO
- Features
- Deployment at A2B Internet
- Workflows
- Questions

# History of AbuseIO

- In-house developed and deployed at BIT.NL by Bart Vrancken (@CrossWire)
  - Spamcheck (Version 1.0 - 2009 - 2011)
  - AbuseReporter (Version 2.0 - 2011 - 2014)
- Plans to open source AbuseReporter as AbuseIO (December 2014) quickly followed by support from Tilaa and Tele2
- First release of AbuseIO (Version 3.0 - April)
- Started the AbuseIO non-profit foundation (May)
- Development started on the next release (June)
- AbuseIO was granted a fund by SIDN Fonds (August)
- Public Benefit Organization for tax deductible donations
- Next release planned for Q1/2016 (January/February)



# Why AbuseIO

- Currently known software that have the same (or less) features is very expensive
- Freely available software is unnecessarily complex, time consuming and mostly used by CERT's which have an entirely different scope than an ISP would have
- Smaller ISP's are still manually processing the data feeds which causes unneeded delay until the abuse matter is resolved
- Most hosting companies with a small group of personnel don't have the time or resources to handle most of their abuse matters
- Most end-users WANT to fix the problem! However they lack the expertise to solve it and the reporting ISP does not have the time to assist every end-user in resolving the matter
- Complementary to other projects, like the Abuse Information Exchange / AbuseHUB (NL)

# Features AbuseIO-4.0

- Just as easy to install as wordpress
- Receive and process incoming abuse events
- Support for nearly all the Notifier feeds available
- Merge related events into a combined report
- Classify and prioritize reports
- Integrate with any IPAM or backend
- Send out near real-time notifications
- Direct IP and Domain owners to a self-help portal
- Hook to external scripts (actions, blackhole, quarantine, etc.)
- Archive and link to original evidence
- Works with IPv4 and IPv6 addresses
- For anyone to use, for FREE!

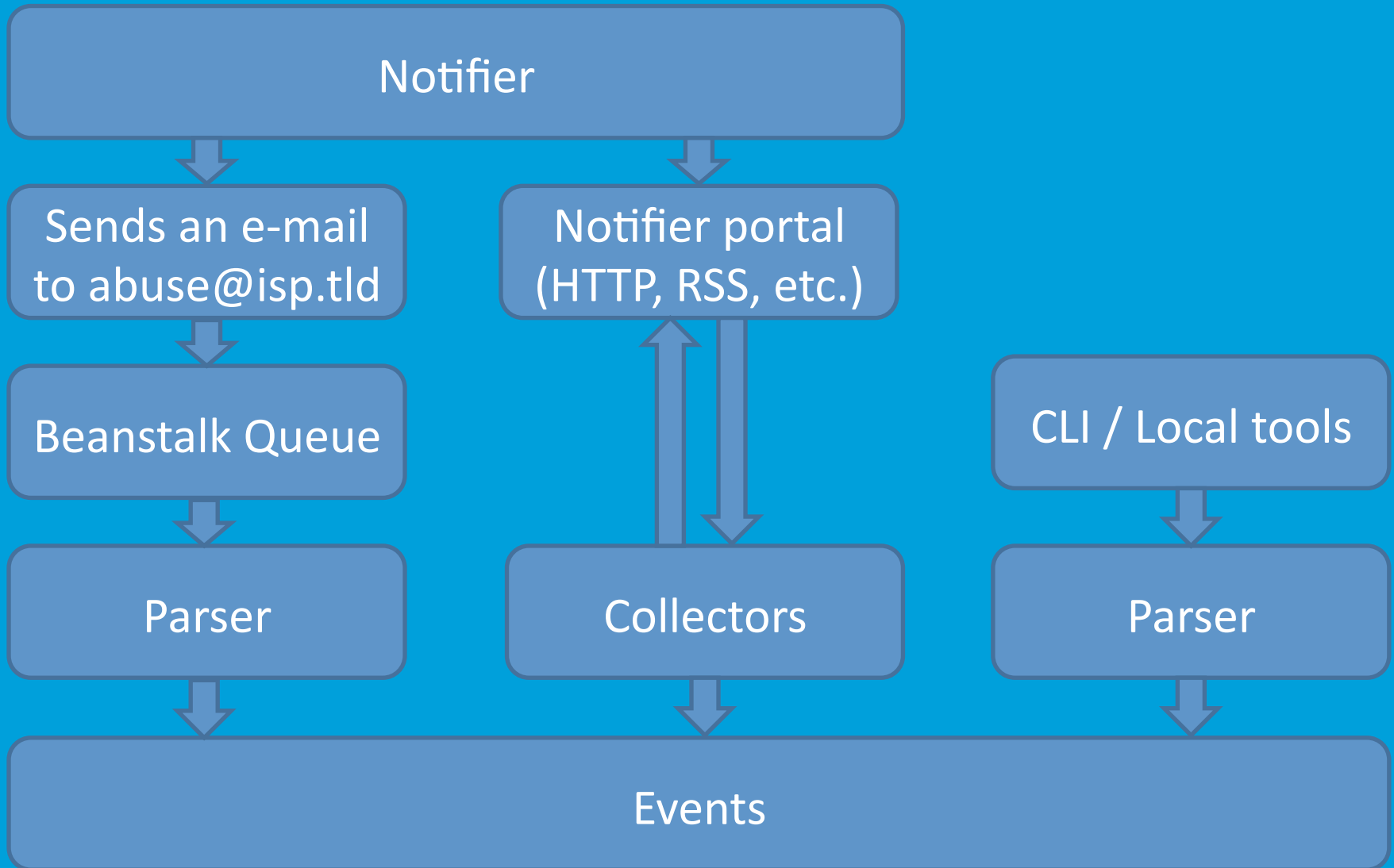
*With AbuseIO providing the right tooling for free, the Internet providers, hosting companies, network operators and end-users will have no excuse anymore in letting abuse run wild in their networks*

# Deployment at A2B Internet

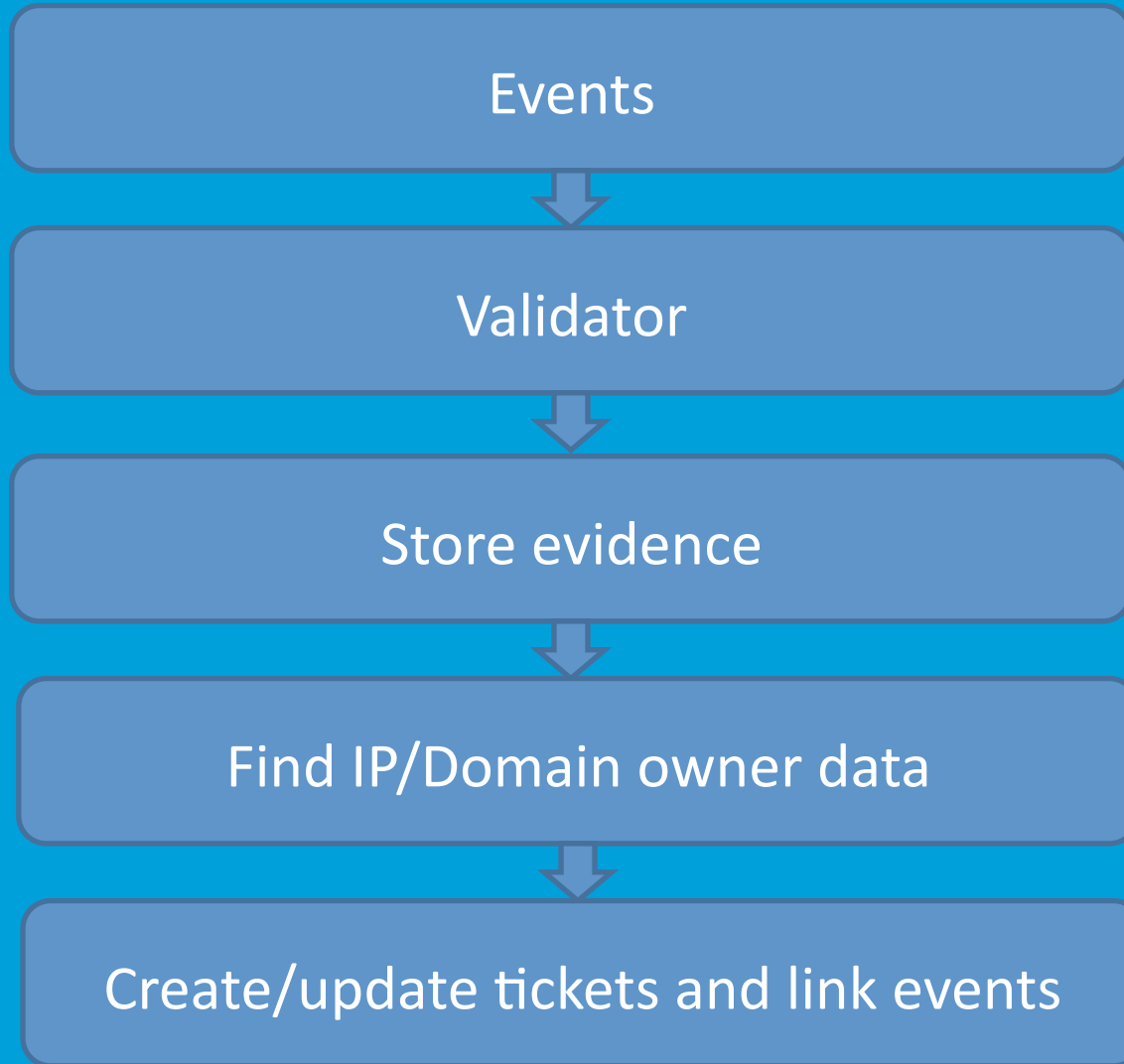
- Saving a LOT of time handling abuse
  - Processing for instance all the Shadowserver reports, all follow-ups by email manually ... takes about 2 – 3 hrs if done manually.
- *Uptime of abuse highly reduced*
  - *Quicker insight on the tickets and quicker follow up.*
- *Good overview on abuse matters and the clients are responsible*
  - *All information is in 1 system, including their contact mail address.*
- *We also monitor IP space of LIR customers not in our own network. ( Rented IP space and Managed LIR customers )*
- *Very positive response from our customers for the system and the information provided through it.*



# Workflow – incoming events



# Workflow – handling events





# Screenshots

## Analytics and statistics

All

Classification	Count
Botnet infection	14
Compromised website	12
Copyright Infringement	7
FREAK Vulnerable Server	4
Harvesting	1
Login attack	3
Open DNS Resolver	1
Open IPMI Server	14
Open Microsoft SQL Server	2
Open Netbios Server	150
Open REDIS Server	4
Open SNMP Server	33
Phishing website	2
RBL Listed	47
SPAM	6
SSLv3 Vulnerable Server	601
Spamvertised web site	1

# Screenshots

AbuseIO Welcome Customers Netblocks Reports Search Analytics

## Ticket 269

**IP address** [REDACTED]  
**Reverse DNS** [REDACTED].a2b-internet.com  
**Classification** FREAK Vulnerable Server  
**Source** Shadowserver  
**Type** [INFO](#)  
**Ticket status** [CLOSED](#)  
**Self Help URL** http://ash-abusejo.a2b-internet.com/?id=269&token=[REDACTED]

[Update customer](#) [Send notification](#) [Ignore report](#) [Mark resolved](#) [Close ticket](#)

## Customer Information

**Customer Code** 00000000  
**Customer Name** A2B IP beheer  
**Contact(s)** noc@a2b-internet.com  
**Resolved** [YES](#)  
**Ignored** [NO](#)

## Report Status

**Seen** 7x  
**First Seen** 06-08-2015 06:11  
**Last Seen** 17-08-2015 10:19  
**Notifications** 0x  
**Last notification** Never

## Information

**port** 443  
**handshake** TLSv1.1  
**cipher\_suite** TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_RC4\_128\_SHA  
**freak\_cipher\_suite** TLS\_RSA\_EXPORT\_WITH\_RC4\_40\_MD5  
**subject\_common\_na...** ILOCZ13280291  
**issuer\_common\_name** iLO Default Issuer (Do not trust)  
**cert\_expiration\_date** 1970-01-01 00:00:00

[Show information text](#)

[Show linked evidence](#)

## Notes

Date	Submittor	Note
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# Workflow – outgoing reports

Tickets

```
graph TD; Tickets[Tickets] --> New[New notification]; Tickets --> Update[Update notification]; New --> Owner[IP owner and/or Domain owner]; Update --> Owner; Owner --> ASH[AbuseIO Self Help Portal (ASH)]; ASH <--> Interaction[Interaction IP/Domain owner with Network owner];
```

New notification

Update notification

IP owner and/or Domain owner

AbuseIO Self Help Portal (ASH)

Interaction IP/Domain owner with Network owner

# Screenshots

## ASH - Ticket 862

IP address **123.333.444.555**  
Reverse DNS  
Classification Botnet infection  
Source Shadowserver  
Type **ABUSE**  
First Seen 13-10-2015 09:12  
Last Seen 05-11-2015 09:20  
Report count 19  
Ticket status **CLOSED**  
Reply status **CUSTOMER RESOLVED**

infection dridex-connection  
cc **123.345.567.678**  
cc\_port 443

Your reply :

- Reply  
 Reply and mark as resolved

Submit

## What is a 'Botnet infection'?

Botnet is a portmanteau derived from the words robot and network. Bot refers to a computer program that independently performs automated jobs. Such programs have many legitimate uses; search engines, for example, commonly use bots to catalogue web sites. Unfortunately, bots can also be programmed to perform malicious actions on systems. A botnet is a large group of infected computers connected to each other via the internet. Criminals administering the botnet make sure that the programs get installed on as many systems as possible. The programs stay under the radar, generally running in the background, and are usually difficult for antivirus software to identify. Once a computer is infected, it can then become part of the botnet through the exploitation of vulnerabilities in software installed on the user's system. There are many avenues for this infection, such as visiting a (generally infected) web site, 'drive-by downloads' (when malware is downloaded and installed on the system without the user's knowledge), and even by simply clicking attachments or links in an e-mail or merely connecting peripherals such as USB sticks or external hard drives to the system.

## Why would this be bad?

The IP listed in the report (the system behind it using NAT), has seen participating inside the botnet. With your system in communication with the botnet you can be 99.9% sure it has been compromised. It's hosting malware and is participating in a botnet.

A botnet can be used to steal your personal data, send spam, hack into other computers and launch network attacks. In these examples you are the actual source of these attacks!

## Recommended action

This issue needs to be resolved by removing the malicious software. In very persistent infections you will need to reinstall the system to get rid of the infection

# Questions



## More information

Website: <https://Abuse.IO>

IRC: #abuseio on FreeNode

E-Mail: [Info@Abuse.IO](mailto:Info@Abuse.IO)

Twitter: [@AbuseIO](https://twitter.com/AbuseIO)

THANK YOU

